

Universidad Juárez del Estado de Durango Facultad de Ciencias Forestales





I. LEARNING UNIT GENERAL DATA

1. Learning Unit Name		2. Code					
Geographic Information Systems			4107				
3. Aademic Unit							
Departament of Forest Science							
4. Academic programme			5. Level				
Forest Science Engineerin	ıg		Bachelor				
6. Training Area							
Discipline							
7. Academy							
Environmental engineering.							
8. Modality							
Mandatory	X	Curse			Attendance	x	
Elective		Curse-works	hop	x	Non-attendance		
		Workshop			Mixed		
		Seminar					
		Laboratory, H	Field practice	x			
		Internship					
		Academic Sta	y				
9. Pre-requirements							

	Have taken and pa	ssed				
1.	1. Computing (3853)					
2.	2. Statistical methods (2653)					
3.	Earth Science (8197)					
10. Th	neory hours	Practice hours	Independent study hours	Total hou	Irs	Credits
2		2	1	5		5
11. Na	11. Names of the teachers who participated in the development and/or modification of the programme					
Dr. Marín Pompa-García, Dr. Arnulfo Meléndez López.						
12. Da	ate of establishme	nt D	ate of modification		Date of approv	al
05/12	2/2014	03	3/10/2017		04/10/2017	

II. LEARNING UNIT SPECIFIC DATA

13. Presentation

The study plan of the Department of Forest Sciences at the UJED, includes the course called "Geographic Information Systems", so that the students obtain knowledge about these techniques and can use them to carry out forest resource inventories, determination of the current use and potential of the soil, in evaluations of environmental deterioration, among other applications. The structure of the course-workshop starts with the basic introductory concepts of geographic information systems, bases and finally their applications in the environmental and forestry field, which allows them to elaborate diagonals of the conditions that ecosystems keep in order to make decisions that impact its conservation, management and development.

14. Integral professional competences to develop in the student				
14. Integral professional co Generic competences	 1) Comunication. (Level 2). 2. Students communicate ideas, both written and oral, establishing relationships between what they read and what they understand 3. Students elaborate analytical files of specialized contents and make thematic presentations 2) Critical thinking. (Level 2). 			
	 Analyzes the parts, qualities, multiple relationships, properties and components of a problem. Reflects the link and the multiple dependencies between the facts, processes and phenomena, as well as the contradictions that condition their development. Allows the synthesis of many concepts and their parts. 			

	3) Use of technology 1. Students develop s disciplinary area and	3) Use of technology. (Level) 2. 1. Students develop specific applications as support tools in the learning process, in communication, the disciplinary area and research.			
Professional competences	1) Forest restoration	n			
General purpose of course	the The student uses the to design a geographic	technology of geographic i c model for decision makin	nformation systems, ide g.	ntifies the principles and models	
15. Joint of axes					
The student will have the ability to solve real problems, strengthen their skills and have the attitude to enrich their knowledge. To this end, it will articulate ethics, scientific research and human development based on awareness and respect for human rights, with an environmentalist attitude, acquiring the English language and getting involved in the solution of social problems through an integrative and interdisciplinary approach.					
16. Development of th	e course	INFORMATION AND CIC			
Module 1	BASIS UN GEUGKAPHICAL	S UN GEUGKAPHICAL INFURMATION AND GIS.			
Learning purpose	Learning contents	Learning product	Strategies	Teaching resource and materials	
The student recognizes and explains the basics of GIS	 Theoretical-conceptual framework of the SIG (Definitions, Components, Importance, History, Relationship with other disciplines). Composition and characterization of GIS data (Reference systems, cartographic projections, the raster model, vector data model). 	Presentation on the components of a GIS, using TIC's	Based on information contained in the textbook, students set up a presentation that, through collaborative work, expose per team (4 members) the components of a GIS to the group using the TIc's.	 Textbook "Apuntes de SIG" Projector Satellite images and vector information Field data bases, whiteboard, color pen Computer 	

Módule 2	INTEGRATION AND MODELING OF GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION.				
Learning purpose	Learning contents	Learning product	Strategies	Teaching resource and materials	
The student generates geographic models to solve problems, able to answer questions such as: Where is it? How much is there? How is it?	Generation of geographic models (spatial data capture, spatial linkage with tabular data, manipulation operations and geometric and thematic data analysis, cartographic modeling)	Cartographic model on any natural or modified environment (terrestrial ecosystems, cities).	Through collaborative work, by a team of 4 members, they generate the geographic model using cartographic and technological inputs and expose it to the group as feedback.	 Textbook "Apuntes de SIG" GIS software Projector Computer Field data bases, internet, whiteboard, color pen 	
Módulo 3	PRODUCTOS PARA TOMA DE DECISIONES EN SIG.				
Learning goals	Learning contents	Learning product	Strategies	Teaching resource and materials	
The student designs a geographic model to make decisions.	Results of the GIS as management tools (Tables and numerical reports, Graphics, Thematic maps, Legends, Texts and graphic symbols).	GIS in digital media for decision making	Using the information technologies, by a team of 4 members, they design and expose the GIS for decision making for evaluation and feedback.	 Textbook "Apuntes de SIG" GIS software Projector Computer Field data bases, internet, whiteboard, color pen 	

17. Performance evaluation:			
Evidence (s) of performance	Performance criteria	Application scope (s)	Porcentage
Team presentation with multimedia presentations on the basis of GIS	Performance rubric, which includes indicators of quality, content, sufficiency, congruence and relevance		30%
Elaboration of a cartographic model on any natural or modified environment	Performance rubric, which includes indicators of quality, content, sufficiency, congruence and relevance	Productive, regulatory and academic sector of the forest sector (with local, regional and national coverage)	30%
Creation of a GIS in digital media for decision making	Digital GIS and its report, which includes indicators of quality, content, sufficiency, congruence and relevance		30%
18. Evaluation criteria:			
Criteria		Value	
Formative assessment	10% values (respect, responsibility and honesty) 10% attitudes (participation, perseverance, personal image)		

	30% evidence of performance (indicated in point 17)			
Summative assessment	35% delivery of the products in digital medium (presentations, report, GIS)			
Self-assessment	5% (each student has to write a document where they explain what they learned in the course).			
Co-assessment	5% (each student has to write a document to evaluate their classmates, indicating their strengths and areas of opportunity).			
Hetero-assessment	5% The teacher evaluates the work of the students.			
Total	100%			
19. Acreditation				
The learning unit will be accredited with 100 % performance given the practicality of the course and its competency-based design. This must be accredited through their performance evidences and their evaluation criteria satisfactorily fulfilled				
20. Information sources				
Basic	Pompa-García, M. 2010.SIG note focused on ArcGis. Editorial UJED. 135 p. (ISBN: 978-607-0031-83-0). Used as textbook in SIG curses.			
Complementary	https://drive.google.com/file/d/0BxdOKqm7raWHd0lYTEE0UFFZMDA/view			
21. Profile of the teacher offering this learning unit				
University Degree with Doctorate in application of Geospatial technologies. Domain of software related to the geoinformatics area. Application of geographic information systems to the administration of natural resources. Knowledge of ecosystems through remote sensing and geographic information systems. Publications in these fields.				